

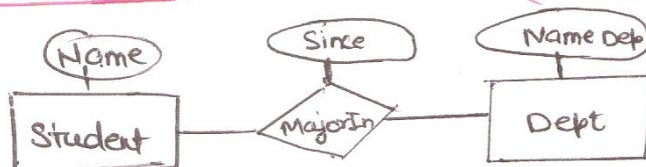
Relationship Sets - keys As primary key of an entity set allows us to distinguish among the various entities of the set. So we also need a similar mechanism to distinguish among the various relationships of a relationship set.

Let  $R$  be a Relationship set involving entities sets  $E_1, E_2, E_3, \dots, E_n$ . Let primary key ( $E_i$ ) denotes the set of attributes that forms the set of attributes that forms the primary key for entity set ( $E_i$ ).

\*\*  $\rightarrow$  Assume the attributes names of all primary keys are unique, and each entity set participates only once in the relationship.

$\rightarrow$  Then the composition of the primary key for a Relationship set depends on the set of attributes associated with the relationship set  $R$ .

As a Relationship can also have (zero - more) attribute.



Here Since is an attribute of Relationship MajorIn.

Like "John majors in "Cs" since 2000

$\rightarrow$  If Relationship set  $R$  has no attributes associated with it, then the set of attributes

$\text{Primary-key}(E_1) \cup \text{primary-key}(E_2) \cup \dots \cup \text{primary-key}(E_n)$

describes an individual Relationship in set  $R$ .